



## Rabbit polyclonal antibody to Annexin V (88-102): Affinity purified

<b>Catalogue No.:</b>	R-1022-100
<b>Description:</b>	Annexin V, also known as Annexin A5, belongs to the annexin family of calcium dependent phospholipid binding proteins. Annexin V has roles in cellular signal transduction, inflammation, growth and differentiation. Annexin V has been shown to have a high affinity for phosphatidylserine (PS) and is therefore a potential probe for the detection of apoptosis.
<b>Batch No.:</b>	See product label
<b>Unit size:</b>	100 ug
<b>Antigen:</b>	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a region (88-102 aa) from human Annexin V.
<b>Other Names:</b>	Annexin A5; Annexin 5; Lipocortin V; Endonexin II; Calphobindin I; PAP-I; PP4; VAC-alpha; Anchorin CII; CBP-I; ANX5; ENX2;
<b>Accession:</b>	P08758 ANXA5_HUMAN;
<b>Produced in:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Purity:</b>	Affinity purified on antigen column
<b>Applications:</b>	Immunohistochemistry (IHC) and Western Blotting (WB). A concentration of 0.1-0.5 ug/mL is recommended for WB. Human Annexin V has a predicted length of 320 residues and a MW of 36 kDa. A concentration of 0.5-1 ug/mL is recommended to detect Annexin V in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded tissues. Heat mediated antigen retrieval is required. Biosensis recommends optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Specificity:</b>	The specificity of this antibody has been confirmed by WB and IHC against the antigen.
<b>Cross-reactivity:</b>	Human; rat; predicted to react with mouse due to sequence homology;
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilised with 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3
<b>Reconstitution:</b>	Reconstitute in 100 uL of sterile distilled water to achieve an antibody concentration of 1 mg/mL. Centrifuge to remove any insoluble material.
<b>Storage:</b>	After reconstitution, aliquot and store at -20C for a higher stability. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles
<b>Expiry Date:</b>	12 months after purchase
<b>Specific References:</b>	Wei X et al. (2016) "Fatty acid synthesis configures the plasma membrane for inflammation in diabetes." Nature. [Epub ahead of print]. Application: WB. Species: Mouse.

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